

$$7 \iint_D \sqrt{x^2+y^2} \, dx \, dy$$

$$D = \begin{cases} x^2+y^2 \leq 4 & \text{if } (x^2+y^2) \leq 4 \\ y \leq x \\ y \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

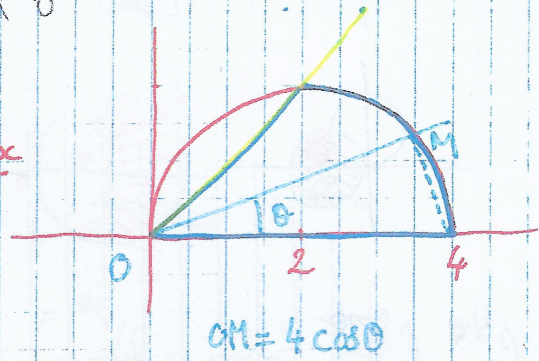
$$I = \int_{\theta=0}^{\pi/4} \int_{r=0}^{4\cos\theta} r \cdot r \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$\cos 2\theta = \frac{\cos(3\theta) + 3\cos\theta}{4}$$

$$I = \int_{\theta=0}^{\pi/4} \frac{1}{3} (4\cos\theta)^3 \, d\theta$$

$$I = \frac{64}{3} \int_0^{\pi/4} (\cos 3\theta + 3\cos\theta) \, d\theta$$

$$I = \frac{64}{3} \left[ \frac{1}{3} \sin(3\theta) + 3\sin\theta \right]_0^{\pi/4} = \frac{64}{3} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}}{6} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) = \frac{80\sqrt{2}}{3}$$



$$8 \iint_D x \sqrt{x^2+y^2} \, dx \, dy$$

$$I = \int_{\theta=\pi/4}^{\pi} \int_{r=\frac{1}{2}\sin\theta}^{\sin\theta} r \cos\theta \cdot r \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$= \int_{\theta=\pi/4}^{\pi} \cos\theta \left[ \frac{r^3}{3} \right]_{\frac{1}{2}\sin\theta}^{\sin\theta} \, d\theta$$

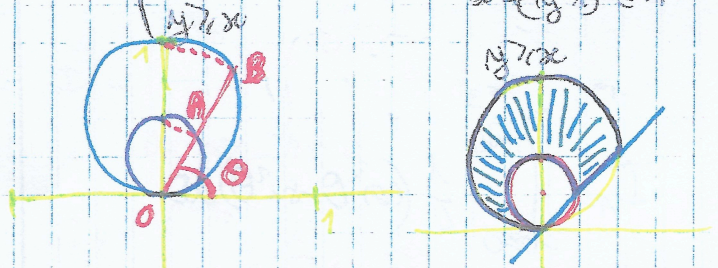
$$= \int_{\pi/4}^{\pi} \frac{1}{3} \cos\theta \sin^3\theta \left( 1 - \frac{1}{8} \right) \, d\theta$$

$$= \frac{15}{64} \int_{\pi/4}^{\pi} \cos\theta \sin^3\theta \, d\theta$$

$$= \frac{15}{64} \left[ \frac{1}{5} \sin^5\theta \right]_{\pi/4}^{\pi}$$

$$= -\frac{3}{64} \times \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)^5 = \frac{-3\sqrt{2}}{256\sqrt{2}}$$

$$D \begin{cases} x^2+y^2-2y \geq 0 & \Leftrightarrow x^2 + \left(y-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 \geq \frac{1}{4} \\ x^2+y^2-2y \leq 0 & \Leftrightarrow x^2 + \left(y-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 \leq 1 \end{cases}$$



$$OA = \frac{1}{2} \sin\theta$$

$$OB = \sin\theta$$